

KAISER TO RENEW WAR AGAINST THE RUSSIANS; IS TO SEIZE PETROGRAD

PRUSSIAN RULERS DISSATISFIED WITH "NO WAR BUT NO PEACE"

Conference at Imperial Headquarters Is Said to Have Arrived at Decision To Resume Military Activity

TO SUPPORT UKRAINE AGAINST BOLSHEVIKI

The Purpose of Germany Is to Break Up the Former Russian Empire into Small States

London, Feb. 15.—Germany has resolved to renew military activity against northern Russia. This decision is said to have been reached at a conference at the imperial headquarters. Special dispatches from Holland say the conference was attended by the emperor, Chancellor Von Hertling, Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, General Von Ludendorff and Foreign Secretary Von Kuelmann. The American correspondent of the Daily Express says the conference rejected the "no war but no peace" plan of the Bolshevik minister, Trotsky. It says that the invasion of Russia will continue, at any rate until Petrograd is occupied by German troops. A Rotterdam dispatch to the Daily News says the Germans take the view of Trotsky's declaration that though it did not end the war it automatically ended the armistice. The correspondent says this means probably that the Germans will support the Ukraine by force of arms against the Bolsheviks as a part of the German scheme for breaking up the former Russian empire with a view of extending her own powers of the new states.

FOREIGN TRADE UNDER LICENSE

President Wilson Issues Proclamation Putting Both Exports and Imports Under Regulation in Order to Check Shipment of Non-Essentials.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—By a new proclamation to-day President Wilson placed all exports to all countries under license by the war trade board after tomorrow. The proclamation also applies the license system to all imports, thus placing the entire foreign commerce of the country under the license system. This is one of the steps to reduce the ocean carriage of non-essentials to release ships for the transportation of troops and war materials.

RUMANIANS GO TO PEACE PARLEY?

Berlin Newspapers Say That at First the Extension of the Armistice Will Be Discussed.

Amsterdam, Feb. 15.—Berlin newspapers intimate that peace negotiations with Rumania are about to be opened. They say it may be assumed that the Rumanian negotiators, who will first discuss the prolongation of the armistice, have arrived at the place agreed upon.

PROJECT TO CONNECT ASIA AND EUROPE

Turkish Parliament Authorizes Plan to Build Bridge and Tunnel Across the Bosphorus.

Amsterdam, Feb. 15.—The Turkish Parliament has approved a bill for the construction of a bridge and tunnel across the Bosphorus, connecting Europe and Asia. The contract was awarded to a Budapest firm, which will begin operations in April.

FRENCH PENETRATED GERMAN LINES

Made Raid Northeast of Courcy and Returned with Prisoners Last Night.

Paris, Feb. 15.—French troops last night penetrated the German lines northeast of Courcy on the Aisne front and returned with a number of prisoners, the war office announced to-day.

HOPE FOR SHIP ABANDONED.

Cross Rip Lightship Was Torn from Anchorage Nine Days Ago.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 15.—Hope for the Cross Rip lightship with her civilian crew of six men, which was torn from her anchorage nine days ago by heavy ice fields virtually was abandoned at the naval station here last night. None of the vessels assigned to the search by the navy department has reported any trace of her and no word had been received from any of the steamers which had been asked to look for her.

SHIP FOUNDERED AND 10 MEN DIED

A British Vessel of Nearly 5,000 Tons, Carrying Grain for France, Was Lost in Mid-Ocean.

New York, Feb. 15.—Ten men of the officers and crew of the British steamship Miguel de Larrinaga of nearly 5,000 tons perished in mid-ocean Feb. 6, when the vessel foundered. She had a cargo of grain bound for France. A British warship rescued 27 men who had taken refuge in small boats. Some of the survivors arrived here by rail to-day from a New Foundland port.

EDUCATOR A SUICIDE.

Thomas A. Roberts of Lebanon, N. H., Shot Himself.

Lebanon, N. H., Feb. 15.—Thomas A. Roberts, superintendent of the Lebanon public schools for the last 10 years, committed suicide at 6 o'clock last evening by shooting himself through the head with a shotgun.

Mr. Roberts had been under treatment in a sanitarium in Burlington, Vt., for several weeks. He left there about a week ago and came to his home here, and up to the time of the shooting had seemed to be improving. Yesterday afternoon, when Mrs. Roberts was downtown, he visited H. L. Sawyer, principal of the Lebanon high school and appeared to be in good spirits. He excused himself for a few minutes, and going to the barn, placed the muzzle of the gun in his mouth and fired the fatal shot, blowing off the top of his head.

The body was removed to the undertaking parlor of C. E. Marston & Son. Mr. Roberts was about 45 years of age. He was a graduate from Bates college and came here from Maine. He is survived by a wife.

FRENCH AIRPLANES BATTLE U-BOAT

Official Statement Issued at Paris Says There Is Reason to Believe the Submarine Was Destroyed.

Paris, Feb. 15.—An encounter between two French hydro-aeroplanes and a German submarine in the English channel recently probably resulted in the sinking of the submarine by bombs, according to an official announcement by the French admiralty to-day. The submarine was seen to sink with a bad list.

BARRED FROM LOWELL.

Camp Devens Soldiers May Not Visit That City.

Ayer, Mass., Feb. 15.—A general order issued at Camp Devens yesterday places the city of Lowell "out of bounds" to all soldiers who are not legal residents there. The military police are directed by the order to arrest every man who cannot show a pass granted him as a resident of the city, and to return him immediately to the camp for trial. No reason for this action is contained in the order, but officers said last night that reports of continued sales of liquor to soldiers in Lowell were largely responsible for it. The fact that soldiers without railroad camp passes for weekend visits have been going to Lowell by trolley and taken railroad trains for their homes is also said to have had something to do with the order.

CRIPPLED FREIGHT CARS BLOCK TRAFFIC

And Account for the Shortage of Cars This Winter, Says Report to McAdoo.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Thousands of crippled freight cars, accumulated through the winter because of the gross neglect of railroads in making repairs, occupy many miles of tracks in eastern railroad centers and are largely responsible for the car shortage and traffic congestion, it was shown to-day by reports of Interstate Commerce Commissioner McChord to Director-General McAdoo.

DRIVE STARTS WELL.

About \$350 Raised on First Day in Barre for Salvation Army War Fund.

The returns from the drive in Barre for the Salvation Army war fund have not been wholly totaled, but the managers of the campaign stated to-day that the first day's drive netted approximately \$350, and the territory has not been covered as yet. This is considered a good start and it is an encouragement to the belief that the quota assigned to Barre will be met.

On Saturday noon headquarters will be established in the waiting room of the Barre & Montpelier Traction company, where reports will be submitted and subscriptions will be received. It is hoped that Barre people will come forward and swell the fund for this worthy cause.

SHOE FACTORY BURNED.

It Was Turning Out Equipment for the American Soldiers.

Farmington, N. H., Feb. 15.—The five-story building of the John F. Cloutman & Co., one of the largest shoe factories in this section of the state, was destroyed by fire last night, causing a loss of \$200,000. According to the watchman the fire was caused by an explosion on the third floor while he was making his rounds. It was understood the factory was turning out shoes for the government. Five hundred hands were employed.

The fire was discovered at 9:55 o'clock and in a few minutes the whole building seemed to be a mass of flames. It was a large wooden building with two good-sized wings attached.

It was a big spectacular blaze which could be seen for miles around. Sparks from it were thrown upon many nearby buildings with the result that one of them, a dwelling house, took fire. This was quickly put out by the firemen without much damage.

When the fire was discovered, the owner of the building and some of the mill officials were in the office. They were unable to account for the cause of the fire.

BOLO PASHA MUST DIE

French Court Martial Deliberated Only 15 Minutes Before Condemning Him to Death for Treason—Two Co-Defendants Were Also Sentenced.

Paris, Feb. 15.—Bolo Pasha was sentenced to death yesterday for treason. The court martial, which condemned him, deliberated only 15 minutes. Darius Forchere, an accountant, who was co-defendant, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Filippo Cavallini, another co-defendant under arrest in Italy, was sentenced to death although he is not within the court's jurisdiction.

Bolo Pasha was the instrument of German propaganda by which Germany sought to break down the French morale and instill a desire for peace by spreading the idea that Germany could not be beaten and that it would be well to make the best terms possible with her.

CAPT. VERNON CASTLE KILLED IN PRACTICE

Veteran Airman of the Western Front a Victim Near Fort Worth, Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., Feb. 15.—Captain Vernon Castle of the English Royal flying corps was killed to-day while flying 15 miles west of Fort Worth. He had made over 150 flights over German lines and was the hero of many exploits in the war zone. His work was done especially on the Flanders front and covered a period of nine months. He came here last October with Lord Wellesey.

Castle, in trying to avoid an American cadet, averted his machine beyond control, fell and was unable to right himself. He had a national reputation as a dancer with his wife, also a dancer, now a motion picture actress. He attained great popularity several years ago as a teacher of modern dances in New York. When the war broke out Castle took up aviation.

Capt. Castle was born in England in 1887. He came to Texas last year to act as an instructor.

DAMAGED SHIP RETURNS TO PORT

Was in Collision With an Unknown Vessel During Fog and Fate of the Other Ship Is Not Known.

An Atlantic Port, Feb. 15.—An American passenger steamship which left here yesterday for Cuba, returned to-day with a large hole above her starboard water line amidships. She was in a collision shortly after midnight in the fog with an unknown steamer, the fate of which was unknown.

VERMONTERS ARE WELL.

Major Ashley Writes from France to Gov. Graham.

Gov. H. F. Graham this morning received a letter from Major Ashley, who is in charge of most of the Vermonters in France. He states that the boys are well and tells a little of the conditions there. The letter was written Jan. 29, and at that time the weather was about like April here. It is seen that the letter made a quick trip across the ocean.

The following is taken from the letter: "Everybody is well, and from the reports of the medical department the percentage of sickness in the organization made up of the Vermont men is the lowest in the division." This speaks well for the health of the Vermonters. Major Ashley says nothing of the need of funds for the Vermonters. When he went away he carried with him a large fund with order to draw when the Vermonters needed more, so probably the Vermonters are being pretty well looked after. He has divided a portion of the fund by placing certain amounts of it with the commanding officer of each detachment, so that each organization in France representing Vermont has funds according to the size of the organization.

Candidate for Montpelier Lister.

Alderman Willis M. Parker of the Montpelier city council, who retired this year, has announced his candidacy for lister in place of M. J. Flannery, resigned.

BABIES BURNED BY THE SCORES

While All Grown People in Grey Nunnery in Montreal Escaped

FIRE DESTROYED GREAT BUILDING

There Were Nearly 1,000 Persons Housed in the Hospital, Many Being Soldiers

Montreal, Feb. 15.—Fifty-five bodies had been recovered up to this noon from the ruins of the Grey nunnery, which was destroyed by fire last night. The victims were mostly babies a few days or a few weeks old. It is feared that many more perished, and the searchers believed that the toll might reach as high as 100.

All the inmates of the great building except the children are believed to have escaped. They included nuns, nursing sisters, wounded or sick soldiers from overseas and aged, sick or crippled men and women, to the number of almost 1,000.

The children were housed in a section of the building where the fire started, and the flames spread so rapidly that it was impossible to save them. Defective electric wiring is believed to have been the cause of the fire.

ONE VERMONT MAN HAS 10 BBLs. FLOUR

That Is Illustration of Hoarding as Presented to Vermont Food Administrators' Conference.

State Food Administrator John T. Cushing, G. H. Perry, director of trade and food products, J. A. Walker, executive secretary, and J. B. Taylor of Burlington, at the State House Thursday evening met some of the county administrators for the purpose of discussing the issue which is before them and of going over the troubles which each administrator has to contend with, in hopes of removing some of these. Those attending were Horton D. Walker, Brattleboro, W. D. Tuxbury, Windsor, E. W. Blaisted, Bennington, C. H. Stuart, Lyndonville, C. S. Emery, Newport, M. M. Wilson, Randolph, and C. F. Lowe of Montpelier. The most important thing accomplished was the decision of those attending that the 50-50 plan of distribution of flour and like products shall continue in force. It has been found that Massachusetts and other states, which started on the 75-25 plan and have used potatoes instead of other wheat products, have changed to the 50-50 plan because they had to do it to protect their substitutes for wheat.

Many interesting features were brought out relative to the way in which the order is being carried out. It was shown that some farmers are taking home the foods according to the order but are feeding the substitutes and like products to their stock. This is "sneaking," and the person who does it will only bring the more quickly upon himself. The order is being carried out in a short time the flour used will be reduced 30 per cent, and then people will have to use what they can get.

The following message from Mr. Hoover was read: "Please express to your county administrators at the meeting to-night my appreciation of Vermont's attitude in carrying out to the letter the requests of the president in his proclamation of Jan. 18 and following the rules promulgated by the food administration under this proclamation. I believe this patriotic stand will be rewarded by a sense of gratification that they are contributing toward the successful termination of the war and hope shortly to see all the states conforming to the program of cereal substitution. It is imperative that every effort possible be made to meet the urgent needs of our associates in this war."

Each of the administrators attending the conference considered that, generally speaking, co-operation is taking place, but nearly every one of them had cases which they wanted advice upon and in which hoarding is taking place. Within a few days the publication of facts relative to flour that is removed from the homes of some of these people will take place. Sugar hoarding was also reported. In one instance a man had 10 barrels of flour and will not use it in a year. Most of that flour will spoil, so that not only is the man hoarding, but the most of the flour will be an economic loss unless taken away from him, which is to occur. The county administrators were advised to go after every case of hoarding that is discovered. Figures were read by the state administrator to show that the quantity of sugar that has reached some communities where hoarding has taken place would have been sufficient if distributed had been equalized. The administrators went to their homes much encouraged as to their work.

DEATH OF FRANK GIUDICI.

Barre Granite Manufacturer Had Failed for Some Time.

Frank Giudici, a well known Barre granite manufacturer, and a member of the firm of Giudici Bros. & Co., passed away at his home, 41 Beekley street, this morning at 5:30 o'clock. He had been in failing health for several months and latterly his condition took a critical turn, and the end was not unexpected. He was a native of Saltrio, Italy, where he was born 47 years ago. He is survived by his wife, Josephine Giudici, and five children, Joseph Giudici, Amelio Giudici, Amerio Giudici, Elvira Giudici, Emilia Giudici. He also leaves his brother, Desiderio Giudici, who was associated with him in the granite business. Another brother, James Giudici, died recently.

The deceased came to Barre in 1894, having learned the granite cutters' trade in his native land. He was well equipped for the part which he took in developing Barre's granite manufacturing industry until it reached its present proportions. As a member of the firm of Giudici Bros. & Co., he was an active figure in building up one of the best known concerns of its kind in the Barre district. He was highly esteemed by his associates and many people in the Italian colony are mourning the loss of a friend.

LOST HIS LEFT LEG.

Frank Belden, Moretown Farmer, Was Caught in Revolving Belt.

Moretown, Feb. 15.—Frank Belden, a farmer residing a mile from this village, was drawn into the machinery while running a gasoline-operated grinding machine at his place yesterday and was so badly injured that his left leg had to be amputated at Heaton hospital, Montpelier, where he was taken yesterday afternoon. To-day it was said that he was resting as comfortably as could be expected considering the shock of the accident and the shock of the operation.

Mr. Belden, who is about 65 years old, was engaged in sharpening an axe, when in some way his left leg became caught in the belt running from the gasoline engine to the grinder. The leg was broken so badly that the bones protruded through the flesh. Dr. Haylett of Moretown and Dr. Walford of Montpelier came and after attending to his injuries at the home, decided to take the injured man to the hospital in Montpelier.

CABOT

Military marksmanship sale, for two days only, Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 18 and 19, velvet hats at half price. Mrs. M. A. McIntyre, Cabot, Vt.

CLOSING ORDER KEPT IN FORCE

Vermont's Industries Will Be Idle on Monday, Feb. 18

SITUATION IS STILL CRITICAL

Administrator Jones Reports on New England Conference

State Fuel Administrator H. J. M. Jones of Vermont gave out the following statement to-day regarding the conference of the New England fuel administrators in Boston yesterday, at which it was decided to continue the Monday closing order for another Monday at least.

"At the conference of the six fuel administrators in Boston yesterday, it was decided to continue the Monday closing order for next Monday, Feb. 18. We dislike very much to penalize New England when all the other states have abolished the Monday closing; but the situation in New England is so critical that we felt that the order should be kept in force for another week. We feel that the New England states should work together in this matter, and the decision yesterday was unanimous."

"We sent an urgent telegram to Garfield in Washington urging that sufficient coal for the needs of New England be sent. The abolishing of the closing order after next Monday will depend upon what sort of a response we get from Washington." Mr. Jones added that probably another conference of the New England fuel administrators will be held some time next week to determine the further course of action.

So the action of the New England fuel administrators means that on Monday, Feb. 18, the closing order will be maintained in Vermont, just as it has been for the last few Mondays.

ORDER COVERS NEW ENGLAND

The Six States Told That They Should Work Together Toward Getting Relief from Serious Conditions.

Boston, Feb. 15.—Next Monday will be continued as a headless day in New England the fuel administrators of the New England states, after a long conference announced last night. Explaining that the whole situation was a matter of ships, James J. Storow, New England fuel administrator, said the question of supplying coal-carrying ships would be put up directly to President Wilson.

The conference was called after Dr. Harry A. Garfield, national fuel administrator, announced that conditions were such that headless Mondays would be discontinued, beginning next Monday, throughout the east except in New England, where he left it to the decision of the state fuel administrators. Mr. Storow still has under consideration the question of closing New England colleges during the present coal crisis.

"The college question again depends entirely on ships," he explained. "If we can get the ships to bring up the coal we have obtained, it will be necessary for us to close down a lot of things that are now operating."

"I do not want to paint the picture any blacker than it really is, and I do not want the people to get the idea that we are any better off than we really are. I cannot emphasize too strongly that our future depends entirely on the matter of ships."

In a telegram to Dr. Garfield last night asking him to lay before the president the situation in New England, particularly the need of colleges, the fuel administrators of all the New England states, asserted that one-half of all the coal dealers were entirely out of household coal; that numerous plants carrying on government work were shut down, that the number would reach 50 at the end of next week; and that within a fortnight more than 200,000 textile workers would be idle.

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The funeral will be held at the house Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The body will be placed in the receiving vault at Elmwood to await interment in Hope cemetery in the spring.

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COMPENSATION ALLOWED

For John Gamble's Loss of Eye in Stone- shed.

Commissioner of Industries R. W. Simmonds has ordered the Travelers' Insurance company to pay John Gamble of Barre \$11 a week for a period of eight and one-sixth weeks on account of total disability and compensation of \$11 a week for 100 weeks for the loss of an eye. The finding of the commissioner is as follows:

"The petitioner on Oct. 12, 1917, was a granite cutter in the employ of James C. Robertson. The Travelers' Insurance company was the insurer of said Robertson under the Vermont workmen's compensation act."

"On Oct. 12 said Gamble, while engaged in his duties as an employee of said Robertson, was struck in the left eye by a piece of steel. He continued at work until Nov. 1, when, by reason of said accident, he was compelled to stop work. On the 21st day of November the injured eye was removed by Dr. Jarvis, a specialist of Barre, Vt."

"The defendant insurance company relies on the case of Sumner vs. Bristol Manufacturing company, in which compensation was denied, but that case is not analogous. The loss of the eye was not in that case attributable to any accident but was the result of slow poisoning on account of oak dust."

"In this case the petitioner on the 12th day of October was struck in the left eye by a piece of steel and when the eye was removed by Dr. Jarvis the steel was found therein."

"From the evidence I find that said Gamble did receive personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment; that as a result of said accident he was totally disabled for a period of eight and one-sixth weeks and suffered the total loss of his left eye. His average weekly wage is found to be \$22."

"It is therefore ordered that the Travelers' Insurance company and in case of its default, said James C. Robertson, pay to the said John Gamble compensation at the rate of \$11 per week for a period of eight and one-sixth weeks on account of total disability, and compensation at the rate of \$11 per week for 100 weeks for the loss of said eye, together with all surgical, medical and hospital services and supplies for the first 14 days after disability."

The following other decisions were announced:

Vermont Spool & Bobbin company vs. Adolphe Paquette and Dr. J. E. LaRocque; ordered that the physician's bill be paid in full, namely, \$72.

Napoleon B. Madison vs. Jewell Brock Woolen Co. of Ludlow; arm injured Oct. 13, 1916; defendants ordered to pay \$67.30 for 60 weeks.

Anna Usher vs. Bellows Falls Hand Laundry of Bellows Falls, arms badly burned in mangle Oct. 8, 1915; defendant ordered to pay \$3 for 29 weeks.

H. H. Miltimore, M. D., of St. Johnsbury vs. Maryland Casualty Co., three cases physician's fees, in case of Clyde Brown, \$13; in case of John Rowe physician fees; defendant ordered to pay \$23; in case of Raymond Locke defendant ordered to pay \$23 physician's fees. The petition of Robert Bennett vs. E. and T. Fairbanks Co., injured by inhaling fumes of lead, petition denied.

TO SHIP GOLD INTO MEXICO

United States Plans to Meet Immediate Needs of Pres. Carranza But Will Not Make a Loan.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—The United States has proposed to permit enough gold to be exported to Mexico to satisfy President Carranza's immediate needs, as a part of a commercial agreement being negotiated. Mexico now has the gold to her credit in American banks. No loan by the United States is contemplated.

FINE GIFT TO RED CROSS.

E. B. House and John F. Benjamin Donate Registered Holstein Heifer.

As an answer to its appeal for funds to continue the splendid work which the women of this city and surrounding towns are doing under the auspices of the Red Cross, the Barre branch, through its president, W. A. Drew, has received a generous offer from E. B. House and John F. Benjamin, two Barre men. The offer is the donation of a calf, a registered Holstein heifer, from the sale of which the donors expect to see the Red Cross workers realize handsomely. Just how far the Holstein will go before it ceases to serve as a money-maker for the Red Cross is a matter for speculation, but if the results of the gift so unreservedly made by the patriotic Barre men approach the outcome of a Holstein campaign waged in Brattleboro, the Red Cross will have even more reason for being grateful to the men responsible for the gift.

Following so swiftly on the heels of the announcement in yesterday's Red Cross notes in The Times that funds were at low ebb, the whole-hearted offer of Messrs. House and Benjamin finds the members of the Barre branch undecided as to what they shall do. That the gift will be accepted goes without saying. Here is the letter and may much good come from it!

Mr. W. A. Drew, President Barre Red Cross Branch, Barre, Vt.
Dear Sir: Seeing in last night's Times the need of the Barre Red Cross branch for more funds with which to maintain its splendid work, we appreciate the necessity of every citizen doing his bit.

To that end we wish to offer to your branch a Holstein heifer calf, which we hope you can use in some way to replenish the treasury of your branch.

This offer is prompted by our recent experience in Brattleboro, where \$2,700 was raised for the Red Cross by the sale of a registered Holstein heifer calf. The calf was donated to the local branch by a breeder, and a benefit was started at the time of the recent Holstein-Friesian sale, which we attended. Much enthusiasm prevailed, and the above large sum of money was obtained.

The calf we offer to donate comes from some of the best blooded stock ever purchased by us at the big Holstein sales in Brattleboro. It is purely a voluntary contribution on our part in the interest of the great work being done in France by the American Red Cross, and we hope that your branch will accept our offer and realize an even larger sum than was raised in Brattleboro. Very truly yours, E. B. House, John F. Benjamin.

GLYSSON WON IN CAUCUS

Was Opposed for Mayor's Nomination by Alderman C. H. Reynolds

WOMEN VOTED FOR THE FIRST TIME

Caucus Was a Very Close Affair, with Only 251 Voters Present

For mayor—E. C. Glysson. For city clerk and treasurer—James Mackay.

For first constable—George L. Morris. For second constable—Clarence E. Foley.

For directors of French's Barre library—John W. Gordon, R. S. Currier, F. G. Howland.

For auditors—D. J. Sullivan, William Stephens, L. O. Tracy.

For assessor—Martin Riley, Jr.

Only one contest developed in the citizens' caucus at the opera house last evening. After the count of the tellers decided the mayoralty nomination in favor of E. C. Glysson, names for the various other offices were presented and confirmed without so much as a dissenting voice. It was a tame affair compared with some of the caucuses held in recent years, and the vote cast for the mayoralty candidates revealed the full strength of the meeting. There were 251 ballots cast, 153 going to the present mayor, while Alderman Clyde H. Reynolds received the remaining 98.

If the caucus measured pretty well up to what a pacifist's notion of any public gathering should be and lacked the spirit that has been injected into similar gatherings of the past, it had one notable feature—there were women present, and women voted. To be sure they were not numerous, and the fact that only eight of the women of Barre who will receive the franchise before the March election attended the citizens' caucus may or may not be taken as a criterion of the interest that women are going to take in city affairs. The little group was assembled in one time of seats, and when they marched across the stage to cast their ballots a lively cheer went up from the men.

Frank G. Howland called the caucus to order soon after 7:30 o'clock. He read the call and as soon as he called for nominations, his own name was presented for the chairmanship. Mr. Howland was confirmed by a unanimous vote and the same unanimity prevailed when James Mackay was elected clerk.

On the call for mayoralty nominations State's Atty. Earle E. Davis spoke in advocacy of economy in these stringent times and urged the retention of faithful officials, ending by nominating Mayor Glysson. V. E. Ayers seconded, and the next man to take the floor was ex-Alderman George H. Hoyt, who nominated Alderman Reynolds. James Grogan seconded Mr. Reynolds' nomination. The chairman appointed Messrs. Davis, Ayers, Hoyt and Grogan, William Barclay and Charles A. Brown as tellers and balloting proceeded. Shortly the result was announced as stated above.

Thereafter all was serene. Out of brief statements made from the floor by Stephen Rizzi, S. L. Card and James Cruickshank came the nomination of Mr. Mackay as clerk and treasurer and no one dissented. George L. Morris' name